

## Florida Performing Fine Arts Assessment Item Specifications

### 1303000\_MJ\_Chorus\_1\_Responding

FRONT MATTER - SECONDARY	
Stimulus Attributes	Written questions should be at grade level readability. Written and aural musical excerpts should provide enough information for the student to answer the question keeping in mind the student might not be familiar with the work. Unless noted in a benchmark specification, aural musical excerpts should be a minimum of 30 to 45 seconds. Short answer or extended responses should specify limitations (e.g., length of the desired answer), clearly define the task, and include a clear and concise rubric for grading. Research and identify copyright information for each visual and aural example. Writers are encouraged to review public domain sources and/or compose/arrange musical examples based on the benchmarks.
Response Attributes	Selected response choices should be at grade level readability and approximately the same length. Selected response items must contain only one correct answer. All distractors must be plausible. If aural distractors are used, they should be 5-10 seconds in length.

*NOTE: The contents of these item specifications documents were developed under a grant from the U. S. Department of Education. However, those contents do not necessarily represent the policy of the U. S. Department of Education, and you should not assume endorsement by the Federal Government.*



# Florida Performing Fine Arts Assessment

## Item Specifications for Benchmarks in Course: 1303000 M/J Chorus 1

### Course Title: M/J Chorus 1

Course Number: 1303000

Abbreviated Title: M/J CHORUS 1

Course Length: Year

Course Level: 2

**Course Description:** Students with little or no choral experience develop beginning vocal technique and skills, critical and creative thinking skills, and an appreciation of music from around the world and through time. Public performances may serve as a culmination of specific instructional goals. Students may be required to attend and/or participate in rehearsals and performances outside the school day to support, extend, and assess learning in the classroom.

### RESPONDING Benchmarks

R	<a href="#">MU.68.C.1.4</a>	Identify, aurally, a variety of vocal styles and ensembles.
R	<a href="#">MU.68.C.2.2</a>	Critique, using correct music vocabulary, changes in one's own or others' musical performance resulting from practice or rehearsal.
R	<a href="#">MU.68.F.3.2</a>	Investigate and discuss laws that protect intellectual property, and practice safe, legal, and responsible acquisition and use of musical media.
R	<a href="#">MU.68.H.1.1</a>	Describe the functions of music from various cultures and time periods.
R	<a href="#">MU.68.H.2.3</a>	Classify the literature being studied by genre, style, and/or time period.
R	<a href="#">MU.68.H.3.1</a>	Identify connections among music and other content areas and/or contexts through interdisciplinary collaboration.
R	<a href="#">MU.68.O.1.1</a>	Compare performances of a musical work to identify artistic choices made by performers.
R	<a href="#">MU.68.O.3.1</a>	Describe how the combination of instrumentation and expressive elements in a musical work can convey a specific thought, idea, mood, and/or image.
R	<a href="#">MU.68.S.3.5</a>	Notate rhythmic phrases and/or melodies, in varying simple meters, performed by someone else.



<b>BENCHMARK #:</b>	<b>MU.68.C.1.4</b>
<b>BIG IDEA:</b>	Critical Thinking and Reflection
<b>ENDURING UNDERSTANDING:</b>	Cognition and reflection are required to appreciate, interpret, and create with artistic intent
<b>BENCHMARK:</b>	Identify, aurally, a variety of vocal styles and ensembles
<b>CLARIFICATION:</b>	Identify vocal styles and/or type of ensembles in an excerpt
<b>ITEM TYPES:</b>	SR (Selected Response) / SA (Short Answer)
<b>CONTENT LIMITS:</b>	Include, but not limited to, small ensemble groups (solo, duet, trio, etc.) large ensemble groups (men's chorus, women's chorus, mixed chorus, children's chorus) and/or accompaniment styles (a cappella, instrumentation) with chant, spiritual, folk, opera, world music, jazz pop/rock, country, Baroque, Classical, Romantic, 20th century
<b>DEPTH OF KNOWLEDGE:</b>	Level One: Recall
<b>STIMULUS ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter
<b>RESPONSE ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter

**SAMPLE QUESTION:**

Listen to the musical example. What type of ensemble is this?

MEDIA: Audio

DESCRIPTION: <DW: Please provide a 15-45 second recording of a men's barbershop chorus (needs to be more than just 4 voices) singing My Wild Irish Rose.>

- A. Solo
- B. Duet
- C. Men's Chorus\*
- D. Women's Chorus

**KEY: C**

<b>BENCHMARK #:</b>	<b>MU.68.C.2.2</b>
<b>BIG IDEA:</b>	Critical Thinking and Reflection
<b>ENDURING UNDERSTANDING:</b>	Assessing our own and others' artistic work, through critical thinking, problem-solving, and decision-making, is central to artistic growth
<b>BENCHMARK:</b>	Critique, using correct music vocabulary, changes in one's own or others' musical performance resulting from practice or rehearsal
<b>CLARIFICATION:</b>	Identify effects of rehearsal or practice on performance by listening to two different samples of the same musical selection recorded over time
<b>ITEM TYPES:</b>	SR (Selected Response) / SA (Short Answer)
<b>CONTENT LIMITS:</b>	Provide two examples of the same musical selection. One should be after practice or rehearsal in which focus on a specific area has occurred. The examples should be of Middle School students. The focus of the rehearsal might include but is not limited to: blend, balance, ensemble singing, correct notes and rhythms, technique, tone quality, diction, and expression
<b>DEPTH OF KNOWLEDGE:</b>	Level Two: Skill/Concept
<b>STIMULUS ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter. In addition: Video or aural examples should be high quality recordings of middle school students' performances with apparent differences between recordings. The item should explain the focus of the rehearsal
<b>RESPONSE ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter. In addition: Responses should include terminology consistent with solo and ensemble adjudication forms and music performance assessment

**SAMPLE QUESTION:**

Compare the two recordings. Which aspect in the second performance contains the greatest improvement?

**MEDIA:** Audio Sample 1; Audio Sample 2

**DESCRIPTION:** <DW: example 1: record a 15-45 second small group (trio or quartet) of young voices singing a folk song in unison where the beat is not steady and the singers are not together. Example 2: record the same group singing the same piece and the beat is perfectly aligned. It is important that both examples contain the same intonation, phrasing and tone.

- A. The steady beat\*
- B. The intonation
- C. The phrasing
- D. The tone

**KEY: A**

<b>BENCHMARK #:</b>	<b>MU.68.F.3.2</b>
<b>BIG IDEA:</b>	Innovation, Technology, and the Future
<b>ENDURING UNDERSTANDING:</b>	The 21st-century skills necessary for success as citizens, workers, and leaders in a global economy are embedded in the study of the arts
<b>BENCHMARK:</b>	Investigate and discuss laws that protect intellectual property, and practice safe, legal, and responsible acquisition and use of musical media.
<b>CLARIFICATION:</b>	Describe the features of fair use as specified in the current copyright law focusing primarily on the legal acquisition of musical media
<b>ITEM TYPES:</b>	SR (Selected Response) / SA (Short Answer)
<b>CONTENT LIMITS:</b>	May include, but are not limited to such concepts as: intellectual property, copyright law, public domain, fair use doctrine, safe, legal and responsible acquisition and use of musical media
<b>DEPTH OF KNOWLEDGE:</b>	Level One: Recall
<b>STIMULUS ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter. In addition: Stimulus should include most recent legislation concerning copyright law in the United States. See <a href="http://www.copyright.gov/">http://www.copyright.gov/</a> or <a href="http://NAfME.org">NAfME.org</a>
<b>RESPONSE ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter

**SAMPLE QUESTION:**

Where is the copyright located in this example?

MEDIA: Graphic  
 DESCRIPTION: DW: < provide a picture of the front page of an octavo that is now in the public domain where the copyright information is listed at the bottom.>

- A. middle right
- B. top center
- C. bottom\*
- D. top left

**KEY: C**

<b>BENCHMARK #:</b>	<b>MU.68.H.1.1</b>
<b>BIG IDEA:</b>	Historical and Global Connections
<b>ENDURING UNDERSTANDING:</b>	Through study in the arts, we learn about and honor others and the world in which they live(d)
<b>BENCHMARK:</b>	Describe the functions of music from various cultures and time periods
<b>CLARIFICATION:</b>	Identify the ways music is used in and enhances different cultures and time periods
<b>ITEM TYPES:</b>	SR (Selected Response) / SA (Short Answer)
<b>CONTENT LIMITS:</b>	Styles may include but are not limited to Baroque, Classical, Romantic, 20 <sup>th</sup> century, contemporary, jazz, pop/rock, chant, spiritual, folk, opera, or world music. Cultures may include but are not limited to Asian, Latin, European, South American, or African. Functions may include but are not limited to celebrations, religion, work, advertisement, pleasure, etc.
<b>DEPTH OF KNOWLEDGE:</b>	Level One: Recall
<b>STIMULUS ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter. In addition: Aural examples should be a high quality recording that evidences the primary characteristics of the music from a particular culture or tradition
<b>RESPONSE ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter

**SAMPLE QUESTION:**

Listen to the musical example.

How would this song be used in the Hispanic culture?

**MEDIA:** Audio  
**DESCRIPTION:** <DW: Record a small instrumental ensemble performing a 20-45 sec. song of the Hispanic culture that would be used in a celebration such a Cielito Lindo>

- A. While working
- B. For a celebration\*
- C. For Social Networking
- D. In a religious ceremony

**KEY: B**

<b>BENCHMARK #:</b>	<b>MU.68.H.2.3</b>
<b>BIG IDEA:</b>	Historical and Global Connections
<b>ENDURING UNDERSTANDING:</b>	The arts reflect and document cultural trends and historical events, and help explain how new directions in the arts have emerged
<b>BENCHMARK:</b>	Classify the literature being studied by genre, style, and/or time period
<b>CLARIFICATION:</b>	Classify the genre, style or time period of a musical excerpt
<b>ITEM TYPES:</b>	SR (Selected Response) / SA (Short Answer)
<b>CONTENT LIMITS:</b>	Written and aural musical examples that evidence the primary characteristics of a specific time period, style/genre. Examples may include but are not limited to: Baroque, Classical, Romantic, 20 <sup>th</sup> Century, contemporary, musical theatre, jazz, pop/rock, chant, spiritual, folk, opera, or world music. The examples must be the consistent with music that is studied in class
<b>DEPTH OF KNOWLEDGE:</b>	Level Two: Skill/Concept
<b>STIMULUS ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter
<b>RESPONSE ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter

**SAMPLE QUESTION:**

Listen to the musical example. What style does this music represent?

MEDIA: Audio

DESCRIPTION: <DW: Provide a 15-45 second recording Audio of a solo singer scat singing. >

- A. Chant
- B. Jazz\*
- C. Pop
- D. Spiritual

**KEY: B**

<b>BENCHMARK #:</b>	<b>MU.68.H.3.1</b>
<b>BIG IDEA:</b>	Historical and Global Connections
<b>ENDURING UNDERSTANDING:</b>	Connections among the arts and other disciplines strengthen learning and the ability to transfer knowledge and skills to and from other fields
<b>BENCHMARK:</b>	Identify connections among music and other content areas and/or contexts through interdisciplinary collaboration
<b>CLARIFICATION:</b>	Identify the relationships between music and other academic disciplines
<b>ITEM TYPES:</b>	SR (Selected Response) / SA (Short Answer)
<b>CONTENT LIMITS:</b>	Focus on connections between music other classes which may include but is not limited to: other music classes, social studies, dance, physical education, science, health, math, world languages, language arts
<b>DEPTH OF KNOWLEDGE:</b>	Level One: Recall
<b>STIMULUS ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter
<b>RESPONSE ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter

**SAMPLE QUESTION:**

Listen to the musical example. During which event in American history was this song first made popular?

MEDIA: Audio

DESCRIPTION: <DW: create a 30-45 sec. audio version of “When Johnny Comes Marching Home” sung by a soloist alone or accompanied by a guitar.>

- A. American Revolution
- B. Civil War\*
- C. War of 1812
- D. World War I

**KEY: B**

<b>BENCHMARK #:</b>	<b>MU.68.O.1.1</b>
<b>BIG IDEA:</b>	Organizational Structure
<b>ENDURING UNDERSTANDING:</b>	Understanding the organizational structure of an art form provides a foundation for appreciation of artistic works and respect for the creative process
<b>BENCHMARK:</b>	Compare performances of a musical work to identify artistic choices made by performers
<b>CLARIFICATION:</b>	Compare two or more interpretations of the same musical work
<b>ITEM TYPES:</b>	SR (Selected Response) / SA (Short Answer)
<b>CONTENT LIMITS:</b>	Provide aural/video recordings and, if appropriate, written examples. Elements to compare may include are but not limited to: tempo , expression elements, articulations, phrasing, harmonic structure, timbre, rhythm, orchestration/instrumentation, or lyrics
<b>DEPTH OF KNOWLEDGE:</b>	Level Two: Skill/Concept
<b>STIMULUS ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter. In addition: Compare two performances of the same musical selections that are between 20-30 seconds each so the total time of both excerpts does not exceed 45 seconds
<b>RESPONSE ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter

**SAMPLE QUESTION:**

Compare the musical examples. What musical element has been changed? What is the purpose of the change?

**MEDIA:** Two Audio samples.

**DESCRIPTION:** < DW: provide a 15-20 second recording of a soloist singing an American Folk song performed slowly (quarter note= 60), and soft dynamic (unsupported) and a fair amount of vibrato. Sample 2 provide a 15-20 second recording of the same person singing the same song at a faster tempo (quarter note= 96), a louder more varied dynamic and more of a straight tone (no vibrato).

**Item Specific Scorer's Rubric:**

2-point sample answer: The second example is a faster tempo than the first. It is faster because the performer wanted the song to be more lively.

POINTS	SCORING RUBRIC
2 points	<p>The response includes the element in music that was changed AND why it was changed. Examples may include, but will not be limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Faster tempo: Keeps song from dragging / keeps pitch from sagging / makes song more interesting / helps singer get through the phrases</li><li>• Louder Dynamic: Allows singer to support better / get through the phrases / allows for more expression / adds interest</li><li>• Straighter Tone: Helps with more accurate pitches.</li></ul>
1 point	The response includes one correct answer only and no reason.
0 points	The response indicates inadequate or no understanding of the concept needed to answer the item. The student may have written on a different topic or written "I don't know".

<b>BENCHMARK #:</b>	<b>MU.68.O.3.1</b>
<b>BIG IDEA:</b>	Organizational Structure
<b>ENDURING UNDERSTANDING:</b>	Every art form uses its own unique language, verbal and non-verbal, to document and communicate with the world
<b>BENCHMARK:</b>	Describe how the combination of instrumentation and expressive elements in a musical work can convey a specific thought, idea, mood, and/or image
<b>CLARIFICATION:</b>	Describe how combining instrumental techniques with the use of expressive elements in a piece of music can communicate a thought, idea, mood, and/or image
<b>ITEM TYPES:</b>	SR (Selected Response) / SA (Short Answer)
<b>CONTENT LIMITS:</b>	Focus on examples that clearly convey thought, idea, mood, and/or image through the use of instrumentation/voicing, tempo markings, expression markings, articulation markings, phrasing, scales, timbre, rhythm, orchestration, or lyrics
<b>DEPTH OF KNOWLEDGE:</b>	Level Two: Skill/Concept
<b>STIMULUS ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter
<b>RESPONSE ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter

**SAMPLE QUESTION:**

Listen to the musical example. What do the sounds of the bass drum and cymbals **best represent**?

MEDIA: Audio

DESCRIPTION: <DW: Recreate a 15-30 second recording of the section of Tchaikovsky's 1812 Overture where the drum and cymbals depict cannon shots.>

- A. Battle cries
- B. Cannon shots\*
- C. Marching soldiers
- D. Surprise attack

**KEY: B**

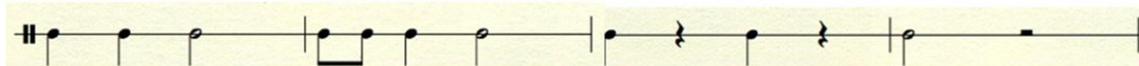
<b>BENCHMARK #:</b>	<b>MU.68.S.3.5</b>
<b>BIG IDEA:</b>	Skills, Techniques, and Processes
<b>ENDURING UNDERSTANDING:</b>	Through purposeful practice, artists learn to manage, master, and refine simple, then complex, skills and techniques
<b>BENCHMARK:</b>	Notate rhythmic phrases and/or melodies, in varying simple meters, performed by someone else
<b>CLARIFICATION:</b>	The student will be able to take rhythmic and/or melodic and rhythmic dictation
<b>ITEM TYPES:</b>	SR (Selected Response) / SA (Short Answer)
<b>CONTENT LIMITS:</b>	Phrases should utilize basic notation including half notes, quarter notes, eighth notes and rests. Melodies should be within an octave range, but may include the 5 <sup>th</sup> below or the second above. Melodic patterns should be mainly stepwise. 4/4 time. Examples should not exceed two measures
<b>DEPTH OF KNOWLEDGE:</b>	Level Two: Skill/Concept
<b>STIMULUS ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter. In addition: Media: Audio and Graphic of staff. One line- rhythmic, five-line- melodic. Musical score should not exceed 16 beats in length. The aural examples should be preceded by one measure of clicks as a tempo reference. If the student is required to transcribe the aural stimulus into written musical notation, the first note of the exercise should be provided for the student. Staff should be divided into 4 measures
<b>RESPONSE ATTRIBUTES:</b>	See Front Matter. In addition: Graphic of answer- four point Rubric. 4 points= four measure correct, 3 points= three measure

**SAMPLE QUESTION:**

Listen to the musical example. What is the rhythm? Write the rhythm on the staff provided.

MEDIA: audio

DESCRIPTION: <DW: provide a recording of singer singing 4 measures rhythm on “doo” on a second space treble clef A- with no vibrato. Include “one, two, ready, start” at the beginning. Provide a clear graphic that matches the audio example.



MEDIA: graphic

DESCRIPTION: student writes answer on one-line staff divided into 4 measures

